$SPG \stackrel{\text{U-M Standard}}{\text{Practice Guide}}$



Standard Practice Guide Policies

University of Michigan Technology Transfer Policy

303.04

Applies to: All Faculty and Staff

I. APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE OF POLICY

This Policy implements Section 3.10 of the Bylaws of the Board of Regents. The Policy further defines the ownership, distribution, and commercialization of rights associated with Intellectual Property developed at or received by the University of Michigan, and describes the general obligations associated with the technology licensing process. Substantive changes to this Policy, as long as consistent with Section 3.10 of the Bylaws of the Board of Regents, may be modified from time to time by the Vice President for Research in consultation with the President, with notice to the Regents.

The University recognizes and supports technology transfer as an integral component of the University's mission. Licensing of Intellectual Property rights to parties outside the University is one significant manner in which technology transfer is accomplished, and is the focus of this Policy. The objectives of technology transfer include the following: to facilitate the efficient transfer of knowledge and technology from the University to the private sector in support of the public interest; to support the discovery of new knowledge and technology; to attract resources for the support of University programs; to provide services to University Employees to facilitate their efforts to carry out the University's mission; and to promote local, state, and national economic development.

This Policy is applicable to all units of the University including its colleges, schools, departments, centers, institutes, and hospitals, and to all of its Employees. This Policy replaces the 2007 "University of Michigan Technology Transfer Policy" and, except as provided below, applies as of the date of this policy revision. The Office of the Vice President for Research ("OVPR") and the Office of Technology Transfer ("OTT") are authorized to administer this Policy and to implement further rules and procedures within the framework provided herein to facilitate technology transfer and compliance with this Policy. Applicable law and the terms of specific sponsored research agreements and other contractual arrangements undertaken by the University or one of its units in good faith will govern where such agreements differ from the provisions of this Policy and have been approved by authorized University representatives. The University reserves the right to amend this Policy at any time, including with respect to current and former Employees.

II. OWNERSHIP OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

A. Intellectual Property made (e.g., conceived or first reduced to practice) by any person,

regardless of employment status, with the direct or indirect support of funds administered by the University (regardless of the source of such funds) shall be the property of the University, except as provided by this or other University policy. Funds administered by the University include University resources, and funds for employee compensation, materials, or facilities. Rules in this Policy regarding ownership of copyrights are subject to ownership rules directly addressed in the University's copyright ownership policy, entitled "Ownership of Copyrighted Works Created At or In Affiliation With the University of Michigan" or successor Policy that is approved by the Regents.

- B. It is the obligation of Employees engaged in consulting and other activities with outside entities to ensure that their activities and agreements with third parties are not in conflict with the provisions of this Policy or other commitments involving the University. OVPR shall set and administer rules regarding the ownership of Intellectual Property made during outside employment activities (e.g., consulting). Employees should inform those outside parties with whom they make agreements of their obligations to the University.
- C. The University generally will retain ownership of Intellectual Property produced by Employees while participating in sabbaticals or other external activities if they receive salary from the University for such activity. Exceptions to this rule may be approved by the Vice President for Research. It is the responsibility of any such Employee to seek review by his or her appointing department (or equivalent) and OVPR in advance of entering into any intellectual property ownership agreements that may be associated with these activities or where such Employee is receiving partial salary.
- D. The University will not generally claim ownership of Intellectual Property created by students. (A "student" is a person enrolled in University courses for credit except when that person is an Employee.) However, the University does claim ownership of Intellectual Property created by students in their capacity as Employees. Such students shall be considered to be Employees for the purposes of this Policy. Students and others may, if agreeable to the student and OTT, assign their Intellectual Property rights to the University in consideration for being treated as an Employee Inventor under this Policy.
- E. The University will own Intellectual Property made by a former University employee if the Intellectual Property was made both (1) with substantial University faculty guidance or University resources and (2) during activity directly relating to and closely following employment. For example, if a graduate student researcher completes a research project and is no longer technically an Employee, and an invention is conceived during the creation of a dissertation or similar activity relating to the research involving faculty guidance, the University will own the patent rights related to the invention. This rule does not affect a graduate student's ownership of the copyright on the dissertation itself.
- F. All Intellectual Property made under sponsored research agreements and material transfer agreements shall be owned by the University except where previously agreed otherwise in writing based on the circumstances under consideration. Such exceptions shall be approved and negotiated by OVPR; Intellectual Property subject to such an exception shall nevertheless be subject to the disclosure requirements of this Policy.
- G. Trade and service marks not incorporating previously existing University marks and that

are related to University Intellectual Property and technology transfer activities are within the scope of this Policy as they are owned by the University, and will be managed by OTT. University marks, including the University of Michigan Seal, are governed by other University policy.

III. INVENTION REPORTING

- A. In order to comply with federal law, to identify and assess University Intellectual Property as an asset of the University, and to facilitate fair treatment of researchers, Employees have an obligation to cooperate reasonably with OTT. Employees have an obligation to report any University Intellectual Property promptly and completely to OTT; a report to OTT of a summary of the Intellectual Property shall satisfy this requirement unless additional information is requested by OTT. Employees shall use their best efforts to disclose the names of all Inventors and persons that might have contributed to the making of Intellectual Property. Employees and persons having knowledge of facts concerning inventorship issues, problems, or questions (even if they do not know the full implication of such facts) shall have a duty to raise such matters with OTT immediately upon knowledge of the same and facilitate resolution of the same.
- B. Employees who believe that they have created patentable Intellectual Property not owned by the University shall not commercialize such inventions or file (or assist others to file) patent applications without providing at least thirty days notice and a brief written summary of the inventions and the circumstances of the inventions to OTT. Such disclosures shall not be required in situations where an Employee has a reasonable belief that (a) the Intellectual Property is a scholarly work (as defined in University Copyright Policy) or (b) the Intellectual Property is the result of work that is clearly and demonstrably outside both the Employee's field of work and the Employee's University responsibilities.

IV. COMMERCIALIZATION

- A. It is the objective of OTT to diligently pursue the best opportunities to transfer UM Intellectual Property consistent with the missions of the University and for the public benefit. In consultation with Inventors, except as provided herein, OTT shall have authority for decisions concerning the route of commercializing or transferring a particular Intellectual Property, as well as the selection and use of outside resources, including outside legal counsel, to assist in commercialization.
- B. OTT generally shall have authority for those agreements that are primarily transfer of University-owned (a) patent rights, (b) computer software and other copyrightable materials (such as electronic materials, written materials, and data) with any associated service agreements, and (c) Tangible Materials. Responsibility for patent administration, including the retention of patent counsel, is shared by OTT and the Offices of the Vice President for Research and the General Counsel.
- C. From time to time, parties may wish to donate intellectual property rights to the University. Decisions as to whether to accept such donations will be made by the Office of the Vice President for Development, OTT, and any involved University unit. The University generally will accept donations of intellectual property only where the rights are related to areas of technical or research interest for the University. OTT will be responsible for the assessment, protection, and commercialization, as OTT deems

appropriate, of intellectual property received by the University.

D. Tangible property, including models, devices, designs, computer programs and other software, cell lines, antibodies, recombinant materials, laboratory animals, chemical compounds, compositions, formulations, plant varieties, and records ("Tangible Materials") that comprise University Intellectual Property may be distributed outside of the University consistent with applicable laws, policies, and existing license agreements. OVPR shall set and administer rules regarding transfers of Tangible Materials.

V. REVENUE SHARING WITH INVESTORS

- A. Revenues generated by the licensing of University Intellectual Property provide a strong incentive for Employee participation in technology licensing and will support further investment in research and technology transfer. The University shall share a portion of relevant licensing revenues, after recovery of certain expenses, with each applicable University Inventor, as described below, except as may otherwise be provided.
- B. Tech Transfer shall be entitled to recover Patent Expenses relating to the relevant licensed Intellectual Property from Gross Revenue. OVPR shall set and apply rules for instances where revenues are for the recovery of production expenses for applicable types of Intellectual Property (e.g., Tangible Materials). Tech Transfer shall then be entitled to recover an Administrative Fee of 7% from remaining revenues, to contribute to University Patent Expenses. The remainder is referred to as "Net Revenues." Tech Transfer shall then share a portion of Net Revenues with the applicable Inventors, with this portion being divided among Inventors according to procedures established by Tech Transfer. For agreements entered into after July 1, 2004, the Inventors shall, in total, receive (a) 50% of the first \$200,000 of Net Revenues, followed by (b) 30% of Net Revenues over \$200,000.

VI. REVENUE DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE UNIVERSITY

A. Tech Transfer will periodically distribute University Shares as follows. First, Tech Transfer shall be entitled to recover all University Patent Expenses incurred for the distribution period, as well as a reasonable portion or all of any remaining patent expenses from prior years before distributing any University Shares. This may be accomplished through one or more mechanisms at the discretion of Tech Transfer, for example by distributing University Shares at the end of a fiscal year once the actual University Patent Expenses for the fiscal year have been determined and recovered. For all agreements entered into after July 1, 2004, the remainder of the University Shares will be distributed as follows:

Up to \$200,000:

34% to the Inventor's department

36% to the Inventor's school or college

- 30% to the central University administration
- Over \$200,000 (and up to \$2,000,000):

30% to the Inventor's department

35% to the Inventor's school or college

35% to the central University administration

Over \$2,000,000:

50% to the Inventor's school or college

50% to the central University administration

VII. REVENUE DISTRIBUTION - GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

- A. OVPR shall set and administer rules for determining the Inventors share of Net Revenues within the parameters outlined in this Policy. This Policy, including the revenue sharing provisions, is subject to change with respect to both current Employees and Employees that have left the University.
- B. OVPR shall set and administer rules for cases where an Inventor changes departments, an Inventor is affiliated with a University institute or center, an Inventor does not have a department or school/college affiliation, or when other unusual circumstances apply. Although the University units described above shall have discretion for distributing the revenue they receive, generally it is expected that revenues will be used for research and educational purposes or for investment in further commercialization activities, such as in the laboratories of Inventors.
- C. Consideration for a license may include equity in a business. If equity is liquidated, it shall be treated as revenues and distributed according to this Policy. Equity will be held, liquidated, or directly distributed to Inventors (to the extent permitted by law) at the discretion of the University. Neither OTT nor Inventors will control the timing and terms of the liquidation of such equity received by the University. The Office of the Treasurer of the University will manage the disposal of equity held by the University. The holding of equity by Inventors may be subject to University conflict of interest policies.
- D. The Vice President for Research shall have authority to resolve any unusual circumstances and may make exceptions to the distribution rules after consulting the affected parties.
- E. For agreements entered into prior to July 1, 2004, the revenue distribution percentage figures recited in Sections V and VI above shall be replaced by the percentage figures recited in prior relevant Tech Transfer policies (e.g., prior "Technology Transfer Policies" and the "Revised Policy on Intellectual Properties (1996)").

VIII. GRANTING RIGHTS BACK TO INVENTORS

- A. Upon request by one or more Inventors, the University may at its discretion elect to assign or license its rights in University Intellectual Property back to one or more Inventors when permissible under University policies, related sponsorship agreements, and/or federal law, and where other commercialization routes are not effective or available. Before taking such action, OTT should reasonably attempt to seek unanimous approval of all the Inventors, but OTT need not obtain approval of all Inventors. Where the assignment is back to fewer than all the Inventors, revenues under subsection VIII.C. below shall be shared with the non-assignee Inventors under Section V,
- B. OTT is not required to market, protect, and license the Intellectual Property where rights have been granted back to Inventors. OTT may require other terms as a condition of such an agreement. The Inventor(s) receiving an assignment or license shall not share in University revenues.

C. Consideration to the University for assignment of ownership of University Intellectual Property shall consist of recovery of any out-of-pocket University expenses, plus 15% of royalties, equity, or other value received by the Inventor(s) through subsequent use, licensing, or further assignment of the Intellectual Property. Assignment may be subject to internal University conflict of interest rules, which may limit the assignee's use at the University of the assigned Intellectual Property.

IX. APPEAL PROCESS

- A. If informal procedures and consultation do not provide resolution of a dispute or policy issue involving the matters discussed in this Policy, any member of the University community may resort to a formal procedure. Initially, such person(s) must request in writing a review by the Executive Director of OTT. If this does not result in resolution of the issue, then such person may file a request in writing for formal dispute resolution or policy interpretation with the Vice President for Research, citing this Policy. The University typically shall rely upon outside University patent counsel retained in conjunction with Offices of the Vice President and the General Counsel for determinations of inventorship of patents and patent applications.
- B. The Vice President for Research (or designee) shall diligently consult the involved parties and other University administration officials as necessary, and shall communicate the decision, which shall be final, in writing, to the appellant.

X. CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND COMMITMENT

- A. Agreements entered into by the University and its Employees may be subject to disclosure, review, and approval under the University's Conflict of Interest Policy(ies) and the Conflict of Interest policies of the University unit in which the Employee is appointed.
- B. Agreements, such as license, option, materials transfer, and assignment agreements, between the University and Employee(s) or between the University and a company in which University Employee(s) hold a financial or management interest may fall under the State of Michigan Conflict of Interest Statute. This Statute may permit such agreements if certain disclosure, approval, and reporting requirements are met.

XI. DEFINITIONS

"Employee" means a person who receives a salary or other consideration from the University for performance of services, part-time or full time. A University employee with less than a full year (e.g., 9-month) appointment shall be considered an "Employee" for acts during a period of appointment. A student that is compensated (e.g., financially through a stipend, tuition, etc., including graduate student research assistants and graduate student instructors) is considered an Employee under this Policy.

"Gross Revenue" means all revenues directly generated by the licensing of a relevant University Intellectual Property. Gross Revenue does not include amounts received for or related to research, service, sponsorship (e.g., research sponsorship or class sponsorships), expense reimbursement, and/or philanthropy; such funds are not subject to this Policy, even if mentioned in the course of negotiating, drafting, or executing related tech transfer or research agreements.

"Intellectual Property" means inventions, processes, compositions, life forms, computer software, copyrighted works, mask works, research tools and data, certain defined trade and

service marks, Tangible Materials, and legal rights to the same.

"Inventor," with respect to patentable subject matter, means an Employee who has made an inventive contribution to the Intellectual Property as defined under U.S. patent laws, meaning that an Inventor must have contributed to the conception of ideas claimed in a patent.

"Inventor," with respect to software and other copyrightable materials and associated trade and service marks, means an Employee who has participated (a) materially in the conception of the idea of the operation or design thereof (e.g., the operation of software) or (b) extensively in translating an idea into a fixed medium.

"Patent Expenses" means the costs paid to third parties associated with University's ownership, protection, and/or administration of Intellectual Property, including but not limited to costs of (1) evaluating invention disclosures; (2) patentability or trademark searches; (3) drafting and prosecuting intellectual property applications; (4) preparing and recording assignments; (5) maintaining patents or other intellectual property; (6) marketing and licensing of inventions; (7) litigation for the enforcement or protection of intellectual property; (8) amounts received on behalf of, or owed to, other parties (such as co-owners); and/or (9) any claims filed by or against University related to University's administration, enforcement or licensing of intellectual property, including but not limited to attorneys' fees.

"University Patent Expenses" means all unreimbursed Patent Expenses.

"University Shares" means the sum of all accumulated revenues remaining after undergoing the processes under Section V, less recovery of any costs related to the generation of such license revenues not otherwise recovered by or reimbursed to Tech Transfer.

File Attachments

Printable PDF of SPG 303.04, University of Michigan Technology Transfer Policy (February 2021) (https://spg.umich.edu/sites/default/files/policies/303x04_2.pdf)

| SPG Number: | Applies To: |
|-------------------|---|
| 303.04 | All Faculty and Staff |
| Date Issued: | Owner: |
| Date issued. | owner: |
| January 1, 2007 | Office of the Vice President for Research |
| | |
| Last Updated: | Primary Contact: |
| February 18, 2021 | Office of the Vice President for Research |
| • • | |
| Next Review Date: | |

February 18, 2026

Related Links:

Regent Bylaw3.10 (https://regents.umich.edu/governance/bylaws/chapter-iii-business-management-finance-and-property/)

University SPG website (spg.umich.edu) for the official, most recent version.

© 2021 The Regents of the University of Michigan